STEVEN B. RUSSO, SBN # 104858 1 **Enforcement Chief** MARK R. SOBLE, SBN # 136897 2 Senior Commission Counsel FAIR POLITICAL PRACTICES COMMISSION By N. WINTERS, Deputy Clerk 3 428 "J' Street, Suite # 620 Sacramento, California 95814 Telephone: (916) 327-2016 Facsimile: (916) 322-1932 5 Attorneys for Plaintiff 6 7 8 9 SUPERIOR COURT FOR THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA 10 FOR THE COUNTY OF SACRAMENTO 11 01AS05965 12 Case No.: FAIR POLITICAL PRACTICES 13 STIPULATION FOR ENTRY OF COMMISSION, a state agency, 14 JUDGMENT Plaintiff, 15 (IN FAVOR OF PLAINTIFF AGAINST DEFENDANTS CALIFORNIA PRO 16 VS. BUSINESS COMMITTEE AND RAVINDER MEHTA) CALIFORNIA PRO BUSINESS 17 COMMITTEE and RAVINDER MEHTA, 18 Defendants. 19 20 Plaintiff, FAIR POLITICAL PRACTICES COMMISSION, a state agency, by its 21 attorneys, and Defendants, California Pro Business Committee, and Ravinder Mehta, Treasurer, 22 enter into this stipulation to resolve all factual and legal issues pertaining to the complaint for 23 civil penalties filed herewith. 24 It is stipulated by and between the parties as follows: 25

Stipulation for Entry of Judgment (In Favor of Plaintiff Against Defendants California Pro Business Comm. et al.)

The complaint on file in this action was properly filed and served on Defendants California Pro Business Committee and Ravinder Mehta.

Jurisdiction of the subject matter and of the parties to this action and venue are properly in Sacramento Superior Court. The complaint states three causes of action against Defendants California Pro Business Committee and Ravinder Mehta and any defects in the complaint are expressly waived.

The Court will enter judgment in this action, pursuant to the stipulation, on request of Plaintiff, Fair Political Practices Commission, without notice to Defendants California Pro Business Committee and Ravinder Mehta, Treasurer.

The Fair Political Practices Commission and Defendants California Pro Business

Committee and Ravinder Mehta, Treasurer, agree to enter this stipulation to resolve all factual and legal issues raised in this matter, and to reach a final disposition with respect to these

Defendants without the necessity of holding a civil trial to determine their liability.

Defendants California Pro Business Committee and Ravinder Mehta, Treasurer, understand and hereby knowingly and voluntarily waive any and all procedural rights that they could have exercised if this settlement had not been entered into, including, but not limited to, their right to civil discovery, to appear personally at any civil trial held in this matter, to confront and cross-examine witnesses testifying at the civil trial, to present evidence, including the testimony of witnesses, and to have the trial presided over by an impartial judge, and heard and decided by a jury.

ENTRY OF JUDGMENT

For the violations of the Political Reform Act admitted herein, Plaintiff Fair Political Practices Commission and Defendants California Pro Business Committee and Ravinder Mehta, Treasurer, stipulate that a final judgment be issued and entered in the form of the order attached

hereto and made a part hereof as "Exhibit "A," against Defendants California Pro Business Committee and Ravinder Mehta, Treasurer, and in favor of Plaintiff for a monetary penalty of twenty-three thousand dollars (\$23,000.00).

The final judgment may be signed by any judge of the Superior Court of the State of California for the County of Sacramento, and entered by the clerk upon application of any party without notice.

Defendants California Pro Business Committee and Ravinder Mehta, Treasurer, further stipulate and agree to pay any court-appearance fees required for the filing of this civil stipulation.

STIPULATED STATEMENT OF LAW AND FACTS

I. THE PARTIES AND BACKGROUND INFORMATION.

Plaintiff, Fair Political Practices Commission (the "Commission"), is a state agency created by the Political Reform Act of 1974 (the "Act"). The Commission has the primary responsibility for the impartial, effective administration and implementation of the Act. (Government Code Section 83111.) Pursuant to Government Code Section 91001, subdivision (b), the Commission is the civil prosecutor for matters involving state election campaigns, and is authorized to maintain this action under Government Code Sections 91001, subdivision (b), 91004 and 89521.

Defendant California Pro Business Committee was at all relevant times a "recipient committee" as that term is defined in Government Code Section 82013, subdivision (a).

Defendant Ravinder Mehta was at all relevant times the Treasurer of California Pro Business Committee, and had authority to approve the committee's expenditure of campaign funds.

II. SUMMARY OF THE LAW.

Government Code Section 81002, subdivision (a), provides that one of the purposes of the Political Reform Act is to ensure that receipts and expenditures in election campaigns are fully and truthfully disclosed in order that the voters may be fully informed and improper practices may be inhibited. The Act should be liberally construed to achieve its purpose. (Government Code Section 81003.) In order to further this end, the Act provides a comprehensive scheme of campaign disclosure. (Government Code Section 84200 *et seq.*)

A. CIVIL ENFORCEMENT PROVISIONS.

Pursuant to Government Code Section 91004, any person who intentionally or negligently violates any of the reporting requirements of the Act shall be liable in a civil action for an amount not more than the amount or value not properly reported. Persons that violate Government Code Section 84211 are liable in a civil action pursuant to Government Code Section 91004.

Pursuant to Government Code Section 89521, any person who makes an expenditure in violation of certain laws prohibiting the personal use of campaign funds is liable in a civil action for an amount of up to three times the amount of the unlawful expenditure. Persons that violate Government Code Section 89512.5 are liable in a civil action pursuant to Government Code Section 89521.

B. <u>CAMPAIGN DISCLOSURE</u>.

Government Code Section 84211, subdivision (j), requires the reporting of expenditures. Section 84211, subdivision (j), specifically requires the itemization of all expenditures of one hundred dollars or more. Government Code Section 82025 defines the term "expenditure," and expressly states that expenditures are made "on the date the payment is made or on the date consideration, if any, is received, whichever is earlier." If consideration is received prior to

payment being made, then the expenditure must be reported on the campaign statement as an accrued expenditure. Title 2, California Code of Regulations, Section 18421.6 is entitled: "Reporting Accrued Expenses," and subdivision (b) states: "An accrued expense (excluding a loan) shall be reported as of the date on which the goods or services are received..."

At all relevant times, Government Code Section 84211, subdivision (j)(6), required a committee to provide itemized information for each person, if different than the payee, who provided consideration of one hundred dollars or more during the time period covered by the campaign statement.

C. <u>PERSONAL USE OF CAMPAIGN FUNDS</u>.

Government Code Section 89512.5 states:

"89512.5. Expenditures by Committees not Controlled by Candidates.

- Subject to the provisions of subdivision (b), any expenditure by a committee not subject to the trust imposed by subdivision (b) of Section 89510 shall be reasonably related to a political, legislative, or governmental purpose of the committee.
- (b) Any expenditure by a committee that confers a substantial personal benefit on any individual or individuals with authority to approve the expenditure of campaign funds held by the committee, shall be directly related to a political, legislative or governmental purpose of the committee."

At all relevant times, Government Code Section 89511, subdivision (b)(3), defined "substantial personal benefit" as an expenditure of campaign funds resulting in a direct personal benefit with a value of more than one hundred dollars to an individual with authority to approve the expenditure(s).

III. SUMMARY OF THE FACTS.

Defendant California Pro Business Committee was a "recipient committee" as that term is defined in Government Code Section 82013, subdivision (a). On May 18, 1998, Defendant California Pro Business Committee filed a statement of organization as required by Government

Code Section 84101. On this statement of organization, California Pro Business Committee designated Ravinder Mehta as the committee Treasurer. On June 10, 1998, Defendant California Pro Business Committee filed an amended statement of organization. On this statement of organization, California Pro Business Committee again designated Ravinder Mehta as the committee Treasurer.

At all relevant times, Defendant Ravinder Mehta was the Treasurer of California Pro Business Committee. As Treasurer, Mehta held at all relevant times the authority to approve the expenditure of campaign funds held by the committee.

At all relevant times, Wayne Smith served as Dan Lungren's Chief of Staff. In late 1997, Ravinder Mehta told Wayne Smith that he was interested in getting involved with the Lungren gubernatorial campaign. Wayne Smith introduced Ravinder Mehta to Wayne's younger brother Glenn. Glenn Smith owned Oakdale Aviation, and hoped to sell an aerial advertising product to the Lungren campaign. Ravinder Mehta formed California Pro Business Committee, and accepted Glenn Smith's aerial advertising proposal and fee schedule without many changes or modifications. During 1998, California Pro Business Committee raised \$341,000 and spent \$332,047.96. Of the \$332,047.96 in expenditures, \$258,600 was reported as independent expenditures supporting gubernatorial candidate Dan Lungren, and \$60,000 was reported as monetary expenditures to attorney general candidate Dave Stirling. The expenditures for Lungren were all for aerial advertising purchased from vendor Oakdale Aviation.

A. FIRST CAUSE OF ACTION.

During September 1998, Oakdale Aviation provided aerial advertising services to California Pro Business Committee totaling \$74,775. On October 2, 1998, California Pro Business Committee issued a payment for \$74,775 to Oakdale Aviation. On its campaign statement covering October 1, 1998 through October 17, 1998, California Pro Business

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

However, on its campaign statement covering July 1, 1998 through September 30, 1998, California Pro Business Committee failed to disclose the accrued aerial advertising expenditures totaling \$74,775. By failing to timely disclose accrued expenditures totaling \$74,775, Defendants California Pro Business Committee and Ravinder Mehta violated Government Code

Section 84211, subdivision (j).

В. SECOND CAUSE OF ACTION.

On or about October 17, 1998, Defendants California Pro Business Committee and Ravinder Mehta, Treasurer, issued a committee check for \$76,950 to Oakdale Aviation. Defendants knew that \$7,000 of this sum would be used to pay the Kruse/Lucas auto shop for the painting and refurbishing of Mehta's Porsche. By making an expenditure that conferred a substantial personal benefit on an individual who had authority to approve the expenditure of campaign funds held by the committee, Defendants California Pro Business Committee and Ravinder Mehta violated Government Code Section 89512.5.

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

C. THIRD CAUSE OF ACTION.

Defendants California Pro Business Committee and Ravinder Mehta failed to provide itemized information disclosing that Kruse Lucas auto shop provided consideration of one hundred dollars or more. By failing to timely itemize information about this payment to Kruse/Lucas auto shop on their campaign statements, Defendants California Pro Business Committee and Ravinder Mehta violated Government Code Section 84211, subdivision (j)(6). ///

24

25

///

CONCLUSION

- 1	
2	Judgment shall be entered against Defendants California Pro Business Committee and
3	Ravinder Mehta, and in favor of Plaintiff, Fair Political Practices Commission, in the total
4	amount of twenty-three thousand dollars (\$23,000.00).
5	IT IS SO STIPULATED.
6	Dated: August 29, 2001. By: Well
7	Ravinder Mehta, Treasurer, for California Pro Business Committee
8	
9	Dated: August <u>Z9</u> , 2001. By:
10	Ravinder Mehta
11	Dated: August 29, 2001. By: tere Churchel
12	Steven G. Churchwell, Esq. Attorney for Defendants
13	California Pro Business Committee and Ravinder Mehta
14~	Oct. 1 Dated: August , 2001. By:
15	Mark Krausse Acting Executive Director
16	Fair Political Practices Commission
17	Dated: Asset, 2001. By:
18	Mark R. Soble Senior Commission Counsel
19	Attorney for Plaintiff, Fair Political Practices Commission
20	
21	
22	
23	
24	
25	11